# Articles of Association of the Cultural Commons Collecting Society SCE (C3S)

Translated from the German version (v1.0, 25.09.2013)

# v1.0 - 30.10.2013

# **Contents**

§	1	Name, domicile	2
§	2	Purpose and object	2
§	3	Communication	3
§	4	Acquiring and ending membership	3
8		Payment obligations	3
8		Deed of assignment	4
8	7	Members' rights and obligations	4
8		Resignation	5
8	9	Transferring shares	5
8	10	Exclusion of a member	5
		Winding up membership	6
		The cooperative's governing bodies	7
		General assembly	7
		Regionalisation	9
8	15	Board of directors	9
§	16	Executive directors	10
§	17	Court of arbitration	10
			11
§	19	Advisory board of the rightholders	11
			12
§	21	Common provisions for the bodies	12
		Annual financial statement, reimbursement, allocation to reserves and ap-	
		propriation of net income	13
§	23	Limitation of claims	14
			14
8	25	Announcements	14

# **Preamble**

The developments in digital markets and copyright law necessitate new forms of exploiting creative works, including the possibility of commercial utilisation of free licenses like Creative Commons. Lyricists and composers of musical works are joining together in a company that protects exploitation possibilities and, in view of the present market situation, also develops new possibilities of utilisation. The individual is not able to monitor all usages of his works and collect the income he or she is due, particularly in the digital age. The rights to be transferred to this company are administered as joint rights of the parties involved and the income and remuneration received are distributed according to a set procedure.

#### § 1 Name, domicile

- (1) The co-operative society bears the name Cultural Commons Collecting Society SCE mit beschränkter Haftung (with limited liability) (C3S SCE).
- (2) The co-operative is domiciled in Düsseldorf.

#### § 2 Purpose and object

- (1) The purpose of the co-operative is to promote its members' economic, social and cultural activities and interests.
- (2) The object of the co-operative is to administer in a fiduciary capacity the members' copyright authorisations that were entrusted to the co-operative by means of a deed of assignment, as well as to distribute the income generated to authorised persons.
- (3) Business operations are based on the authorisation given by the Deutsches Patentund Markenamt (German Patent and Trade Mark Office) as supervisory authority in accordance with the Urheberrechtswahrnehmungsgesetz (UrhWG – Copyright Administration Act).
- (4) <sup>1</sup>Non-members can use the services of the co-operative and participate in its activities. <sup>2</sup>Further details will be stipulated in the guideline on the participation of non-members to be resolved by the board of directors. <sup>3</sup>The co-operative can conclude contracts with other rightholders to ensure the most comprehensive exploitation possible of their members' rights.

#### § 3 Communication

Communication within the co-operative shall take place in German and in English. When in doubt, the German version is decisive.

# § 4 Acquiring and ending membership

- (1) <sup>1</sup>Only natural persons can become full members. <sup>2</sup>Other prerequisites to acquiring membership are
  - a) direct involvement in the creative process through creation of the work or as a performer, or
  - b) a special interest of the co-operative in the membership.
- (2) <sup>1</sup>Anyone who does not meet the prerequisites of Paragraph 1 can, with the consent of the board of directors, be admitted as an investing member. <sup>2</sup>Investing members are natural and legal entities or private companies that would not be considered for the use or provision of the co-operative's services. <sup>3</sup>Investing members have the same rights and obligations as the other members of the co-operative unless otherwise stipulated hereinafter.
- (3) To acquire membership requires an unconditional written declaration of joining on which the board of directors decides.
- (4) Membership ends upon
  - a) Resignation,
  - b) Exclusion,
  - c) Transfer of all shares,
  - d) Death or liquidation of a legal entity or private company.

#### § 5 Payment obligations

- (1)  ${}^{1}$ The member's share in the cooperative amounts to  $\in 50$  (nominal value).  ${}^{2}$ It is to be paid in full immediately.
- (2) <sup>1</sup>The members must participate with at least one share. <sup>2</sup>They may participate with further shares; the maximum possible is sixty.
- (3) <sup>1</sup>The share capital is variable in accordance with the number of co-operative members. <sup>2</sup>Payments for the shares must total at least  $\in 30,000$ . <sup>3</sup>The share capital may not fall below  $\in 30,000$  upon repayment of membership shares (minimum capital).

- (4) In case of insolvency of the co-operative, the members are not obligated to pay additional contributions.
- (5) Upon resolution adopted by the general assembly, an entrance fee can be defined that will be allocated to the reserves.
- (6) The general assembly can decide on rules for membership fees that obligate members to pay an annual contribution.

#### § 6 Deed of assignment

- (1) <sup>1</sup>The performance relationships between the co-operative and its members and the rightholders who are not members of the co-operative are governed in the deed of assignment. <sup>2</sup>The standard contract will be decided on by the board of directors with the consent of the general assembly.
- (2) <sup>1</sup>Distribution of the licence fees received will be carried out according to the distribution plan that the board of directors establishes after consulting with the advisory board of rightholders. <sup>2</sup>The distribution plan will be attached to the articles of association as an annex.
- (3) <sup>1</sup>If membership ends in accordance with § 4 Paragraph 4, the co-operative is authorised to end the deed of assignment with the departing member or his heir at law through a decision of the board of directors to be communicated to the affected party in writing, unless this is opposed by an obligation to contract. <sup>2</sup>In this case, the departing member or his heir at law takes part in a distribution of the licence fees received only to the extent that the licence fee claims arose during the membership period.

#### § 7 Members' rights and obligations

- (1) In accordance with § 4 Paragraph 1, members are specifically authorised
  - a) to use the co-operative's facilities and services,
  - b) to demand the remuneration decided upon by the board of directors,
  - c) to take part in the general assembly and its decision-making,
  - d) to demand at their own cost in a timely manner a copy of the annual financial statement, the management report if required by law and the report of the board of directors before approval of the annual financial statement by the general assembly,
  - e) to inspect the summarised audit results during the general assembly,
  - f) to request the convening of the general assembly or the announcement of decisionmaking if the statutory conditions are satisfied,

- g) to consult the minutes of the general assembly, and
- h) to consult the membership list.
- (2) The investing members are authorised,
  - a) to take part in the general assembly as observers,
  - b) to demand copies at their own cost of the annual financial statement, the management report if required by law and the report of the board of directors,
  - c) to inspect the summarised audit results during the general assembly,
  - d) to consult the minutes of the general assembly,
  - e) to consult the membership list.
- (3) The members are obligated
  - a) to pay the payments stipulated for the share,
  - b) to promote the interests of the co-operative in every way,
  - c) to comply with the articles of association of the co-operative and to carry out the resolutions decided upon by the co-operative bodies,
  - d) to use the facilities of the co-operative to a reasonable extent and
  - e) to communicate a change in address, including e-mail address.

# § 8 Resignation

<sup>1</sup>Membership can be terminated by a written statement from the member. <sup>2</sup>The notice period is one year at the end of the fiscal year. <sup>3</sup>This notice period also applies for terminating shares taken on voluntarily.

#### § 9 Transferring shares

Shares can be transferred and sold individually or as a whole if the board of directors gives its consent and the acquirer is, or will become, a member.

#### § 10 Exclusion of a member

- (1) Members can be excluded if
  - a) they have been found guilty of a serious breach of their obligations, or

- b) they within one year after joining the cooperative in accordance with § 4 Paragraph 1 a) they have not granted the rights to at least three works or performances; if the number of rights granted falls below three, the period of one year begins anew, or
- c) they act grievously against the cooperative's interests; members in accordance with § 4 Paragraph 1 b) also if the cooperative's interest in the membership has lapsed.
- (2) <sup>1</sup>The board of directors decides on exclusion. <sup>2</sup>The member must be consulted unless his or her place of residence cannot be determined.
- (3) The general assembly decides on exclusions of members of the board of directors and executive directors.
- (4) <sup>1</sup>The board of directors' decision on exclusion can be appealed before the general assembly. <sup>2</sup>The appeal must be declared in writing to the co-operative within six weeks after receiving the decision on exclusion (cut-off period).

#### § 11 Winding up membership

- (1) <sup>1</sup>Departure from the co-operative results in a winding up of membership between the departing member or his or her heir at law and the co-operative. <sup>2</sup>In case of transfer the winding up shall be omitted.
- (2) <sup>1</sup>Tax-loss carryforwards shall be deducted pro rata on the credit balance from the apportionment of assets and liabilities. <sup>2</sup>The resigning member has no claim to the reserves and other assets of the co-operative.
- (3) <sup>1</sup>The approval of the annual financial statements is definitive for settlement between the resigning member and the co-operative. <sup>2</sup>The departing member is entitled to claim payment, subject to the provisions in Paragraph 4, to the credit balance from the apportionment of assets and liabilities within a time period of one month after approval of the balance sheet, at the latest, however, within seven months after the end of the business year.
- (4) <sup>1</sup>If, through the payment, the minimum capital would fall below its defined low point, payment of the credit balance from the apportionment of assets and liabilities is suspended; the payment of the membership shares repaid in the course of winding up all departing members will be reduced pro rata. <sup>2</sup>If the minimum capital again falls below its defined low point, the suspended membership shares repaid in the course of winding up will become due to payment. Payment then takes place by year.
- (5) The credit balance from the apportionment of assets and liabilities shall be liable to the Cooperative for any default; for members that are not natural persons (legal entities and private companies), this particularly applies in the case of insolvency proceedings against the member.

(6) The member's participation in the distributions in accordance with § 6 Paragraph 3 Sentence 2 shall remain unaffected.

# § 12 The cooperative's governing bodies

- (1) The cooperative is managed under a one-tier system.
- (2) The bodies are:
  - a) General assembly,
  - b) Board of directors,
  - c) Executive directors,
  - d) Court of arbitration and
  - e) Advisory board.

# § 13 General assembly

- (1) The general assembly is specifically responsible for
  - a) Accepting the activity reports from the executive directors and the board of directors,
  - b) Discharging the executive directors and the board of directors,
  - c) Approving the annual financial statements,
  - d) Deciding about appropriating the net income for the year and offsetting the loss for the year,
  - e) Accepting the reports about the cooperative audit, and
  - f) Amendments to the articles of association.
- (2) <sup>1</sup>The general assembly is convened by the board of directors by directly informing all persons who are eligible to participate, or by means of a notice in the form required in § 25, by complying with a notice period of 30 days between the date of dispatch of the notice referred to and the date of the opening of the general assembly. <sup>2</sup>In urgent cases, this notice period can, pursuant to Art. 56 of the EU Regulation No. 1435/2003 on the Statute for a European Cooperative Society (SCE), be reduced to 15 days. <sup>3</sup>The invitation must contain information on the company and the domicile of the SCE, on the place, date and time of the assembly, and, if applicable, on the type of general assembly. <sup>4</sup>In addition, the agenda indicating the subjects to be discussed and the proposals for decisions is to be attached. <sup>5</sup>The notifications will be deemed to be received if they are

sent to the members at the last address known to the co-operative, unless a notification in accordance with the 2<sup>nd</sup> alternative of Sentence 1 was chosen.

- (3) <sup>1</sup>Annually, at least one general assembly is to be conducted in the first half of the year at which decisions are taken on the approval of the annual financial statements, the appropriation of profits or the compensation of losses and the discharge of the board of directors and executive directors. <sup>2</sup>Other general assemblies are to be convened if this is necessary in the interest of the co-operative.
- (4) <sup>1</sup>Unless changes in the articles of association are announced, every properly convened general assembly is quorate. <sup>2</sup>For determining the presence of a quorum at a general assembly at which an amendment in the articles of association is announced, at least 50% of the total number of registered members entitled to vote at the time the assembly was convened must be present or represented. <sup>3</sup>If the minimum number according to Sentence 2 here is not achieved, another general assembly with the same agenda is quorate without consideration of Sentence 2. <sup>4</sup>The invitation to this additional general assembly may be sent at the earliest on the day after the first general assembly that did not have the presence of a quorum due to not having achieved the minimum number of members.
- (5) <sup>1</sup>Every full member has one vote, regardless of the number of his or her shares; the investing members have no right to vote in the general assembly. <sup>2</sup>Members can also submit their vote electronically. <sup>3</sup>In this case, the casting of the vote is carried out using an electronic process that ensures the transparency and verifiability of the members' voting. <sup>4</sup>The specific voting procedure will be determined by the board of directors.
- (6) <sup>1</sup>Members entitled to vote can issue proxy voting powers. <sup>2</sup>No representative, however, may represent more than two members. <sup>3</sup>Only members of the co-operative or spouses, parents, children or siblings of a member can be representatives.
- (7) <sup>1</sup>The general assembly decides with the majority of the votes cast simple majority of votes unless, exceptionally, a larger majority has been defined; abstentions are disregarded. <sup>2</sup>Elections take place with the majority of the votes of the members present; abstentions have the same effect as »no« votes. <sup>3</sup>In case of more than two alternatives to agree or decide on, the voting process will be carried out by approval voting. <sup>4</sup>If in this way no clear result is obtained, a run-off election will be conducted.
- (8) The general assembly determines the chairperson of the assembly upon proposal of the board of directors.
- (9) The general assembly can be broadcast as a live stream in a secure process accessible only to the members.
- (10) The decisions will be entered in the minutes in accordance with § 47 German Cooperative Societies Act (GenG).

#### § 14 Regionalisation

Once the co-operative has more than 2,500 members, it is intended to form regional assemblies. The board of directors is to draw up proposed articles of association for the general assembly as soon as the number of members exceeds 2,500.

#### § 15 Board of directors

- (1) <sup>1</sup>The board of directors manages the co-operative, defines the principles of its activity and supervises their implementation. <sup>2</sup>The board of directors is to convene a general assembly when this is expressly stated in these articles of association or is otherwise necessary in the interest of the co-operative. <sup>3</sup>The board of directors ensures that the required ledgers are kept. <sup>4</sup>The board cancan, either by itself or by individually appointed members from its ranks, at any time inspect and review the accounts and correspondence of the co-operative as well as the state of the co-operative fund and the inventories of securities and goods. <sup>5</sup>The board of directors is responsible for determining the number of executive directors as well as appointing and dismissing them.
- (2) <sup>1</sup>The members of the board of directors are selected and recalled by the general assembly. <sup>2</sup>The board of directors consists of at least five members to be elected by the general assembly. <sup>3</sup>The general assembly determines the number of members of the board of directors before the election. <sup>4</sup>Investing members may make up at most one quarter of the members of the administrative body.
- (3) <sup>1</sup>The period of office of the members of the board of directors lasts until the election of successors at the ordinary general assembly that takes place three years after the election. <sup>2</sup>Should members depart before the end of their period of office, the board of directors shall consist only of the remaining members until the next ordinary general assembly, during which replacement members are to be elected. <sup>3</sup>Earlier by-elections by an extraordinary general assembly are necessary only if the number of members of the board of directors falls below five or the number of investing members exceeds one quarter of the number of members of the board of directors.
- (4) <sup>1</sup>The meetings of the board of directors shall be convened by the chairperson of the board of directors in text form with a notice period of at least one week. <sup>2</sup>The members of the board of directors and the executive directors can demand at any time that a meeting be convened. <sup>3</sup>A meeting of the board of directors is to take place at least once every quarter.
- (5) <sup>1</sup>The board of directors is quorate if at least half of its members participate in the adoption of resolutions. <sup>2</sup>The board of directors can adopt resolutions in writing, by telephone and electronically if no member of the board of directors objects to the adoption of resolutions.
- (6) <sup>1</sup>Contracts of members of the board of directors with the co-operative, particularly

supply and service agreements, require the consent of the entire board of directors to be valid. <sup>2</sup>Handling these contracts is to be supervised by the board of directors and information is to be provided on this to the general assembly.

(7) <sup>1</sup>The board of directors decides with the majority of the votes cast – simple majority of votes – unless, exceptionally, a larger majority has been defined; abstentions are disregarded. <sup>2</sup>Elections take place with the majority of the votes of the members present; abstentions have the same effect as »no« votes. <sup>3</sup>In case of more than two alternatives to agree or decide on, the voting process will be carried out by approval voting. <sup>4</sup>If in this way no clear result is obtained, a run-off election will be conducted.

#### § 16 Executive directors

- (1) <sup>1</sup>The executive directors conduct the business of the cooperative. <sup>2</sup>Tasks assigned by law to the board of directors cannot be transferred to the executive directors.
- (2) <sup>1</sup>The board of directors appoints two or more executive directors. <sup>2</sup>Members of the board of directors can be appointed to be executive directors as long as the majority of the board of directors continues to consist of non-executive members.
- (3) <sup>1</sup>The regular term of office of the executive directors is three years. <sup>2</sup>Executive directors can be dismissed at any time by the board of directors by simple majority.
- (4) <sup>1</sup>The executive directors can also take decisions in writing, by telephone and electronically. <sup>2</sup>They are only jointly authorised to conduct business and to represent the co-operative; rules of procedure issued by the board of directors can specify otherwise. <sup>3</sup>Executive directors who are authorised to represent the cooperative jointly can authorise individual executive directors to execute certain transactions or certain types of transactions.

#### § 17 Court of arbitration

- (1) <sup>1</sup>All conflicts resulting from the membership relations between co-operative members and the co-operative, between members of the co-operative and bodies of the co-operative and/or between bodies of the co-operative among themselves will be definitively decided by a court of arbitration to the exclusion of the ordinary courts of law. <sup>2</sup>Those decisions are excempt that by rights may not be allocated to a court of arbitration for decision.
- (2) <sup>1</sup>An arbitration agreement with the co-operative is to be concluded by its members governing the composition of the court of arbitration and how it will work. <sup>2</sup>The text of the arbitration agreement is to be approved by the general assembly. <sup>3</sup>Members who do not sign the arbitration agreement in the version adopted by the general assembly are

to be excluded.

(3) <sup>1</sup>This does not affect the possibility of invoking an arbitration board to be established to clarify legal issues involving licencing, protecting rights by the cooperative and license fee claims. <sup>2</sup>Further details are to be stipulated in the deed of assignment.

#### § 18 Assembly of the rightholders

<sup>1</sup>In advance of every general assembly, an assembly of the rightholders shall take place. <sup>2</sup>Invitations are extended by the executive directors in consultation with the board of directors. <sup>3</sup>At this assembly, chaired by the chairperson of the board of directors or his deputy, the management presents the annual report and provides information to the rightholders.

# § 19 Advisory board of the rightholders

- (1) <sup>1</sup>The co-operative forms an advisory board of the rightholders that is the representative of the rightholders in accordance with § 6 Paragraph 2 WahrnG (Law on the Administration of Copyright and Neighboring Rights). <sup>2</sup>It consists of 5 persons who work in an honorary capacity. <sup>3</sup>It is composed as follows:
  - a) 2 members are appointed by the board of directors for a term of three years.
  - b) 3 members are elected by the assembly of the rightholders for a term of three years.
- (2) Only natural persons who are rightholders, or legal representatives or agents of rightholding legal persons who have concluded a deed of assignment with the company can become members of the advisory board.
- (3) <sup>1</sup>The term of office of the advisory board ends with the new election of its members. <sup>2</sup>Re-election is admissible.
- (4) The advisory board of rightholders advises the co-operative on the following subjects and can submit proposals independently on them with which the other bodies of the co-operative are to deal during the next meeting:
  - a) Preparing, modifying and amending the distribution plans for the various rights to be exercised by the co-operative, specifically within the scope of the process in accordance with § 6 Paragraph 2 Sentence 1,
  - b) Establishing tariffs in accordance with § 13 WahrnG, concluding contracts with the users and general agreements in accordance with §§ 11, 12 WahrnG,
  - c) Concluding reciprocal agreements with other collecting societies,
  - d) Conducting legal actions in fundamental issues, applying to the arbitrating board in accordance with § 14 WahrnG and contesting its decisions.

- (5) <sup>1</sup>The advisory board, represented by one of its members who has been appointed to carry out the tasks, can request information on the management and inspection of the company's ledgers. <sup>2</sup>At the general assembly the members of the advisory board have the right to attend, make proposals and speak on all items on the agenda that are within the advisory board's area of responsibilities. <sup>3</sup>The members of the advisory board have the same obligation of secrecy as stipulated for the directors by § 34 Paragraph 1 Sentence 2 of the German Cooperative Societies Act (GenG).
- (6) <sup>1</sup>The advisory board convenes at least once a year for a meeting. <sup>2</sup>In addition it meets when the majority of its members, or its chairperson, or his or her deputy, or the board of directors requests to do so. <sup>3</sup>For participation in meetings, the members of the advisory board receive travel expenses and a daily allowance on the basis of rules on reimbursement to be decided by the board of directors.
- (7) <sup>1</sup>The advisory board is quorate if at least half of its members are present. <sup>2</sup>The advisory board decides with the majority of the votes cast simple majority of votes unless, exceptionally, a larger majority has been defined; abstentions are disregarded. <sup>3</sup>Elections take place with the majority of the votes of the members present; abstentions have the same effect as »no« votes. <sup>4</sup>In case of more than two alternatives to agree or decide on, the voting process will be carried out by approval voting. <sup>5</sup>If no clear result is obtained in this way, a run-off election will be conducted. <sup>6</sup>Passing of resolutions electronically is admissible.
- (8) <sup>1</sup>The advisory board elects for its term of office a chairperson and a deputy from amongst its members. <sup>2</sup>Re-election is admissible.
- (9) <sup>1</sup>Minutes are to be kept on the meetings of the advisory board that are to be signed or initialed by the chairperson and the minute taker. <sup>2</sup>The minutes are deemed to be approved if not contested by a member of the advisory board within three weeks after being sent.

#### § 20 Other advisory boards

<sup>1</sup>The general assembly can resolve the formation of other advisory boards that advise the bodies. <sup>2</sup>In the resolution it is to be specified how the advisory board is composed and what topics it addresses.

#### § 21 Common provisions for the bodies

(1) No one can exercise the right to vote for him- or herself or for another if a resolution is being adopted on whether he or she or the member represented is to be discharged or to be relieved of a liability, or whether the co-operative is intending to assert a claim

against him or her or the member represented.

- (2) <sup>1</sup>If matters of the co-operative are advised upon which affect the interests of a member of the board of directors of an executive director, his spouse, his parents, children and siblings or a person represented by him by virtue of law or power of attorney, the member affected may not participate in the consultation. <sup>2</sup>However, the member is to be heard before the resolution is adopted.
- (3) <sup>1</sup>The members of the bodies are to apply the requisite level of diligence of the management of a co-operative when conducting their business. <sup>2</sup>They are to maintain secrecy about confidential information and secrets of the co-operative, especially trade and business secrets that have become known to them through their activity for the co-operative. <sup>3</sup>Members of the bodies who infringe on their duties are liable jointly and severally to compensate for damages arising from that. <sup>4</sup>If there is a dispute as to whether they have applied the requisite level of diligence of the management of a co-operative, they bear the burden of proof.

# § 22 Annual financial statement, reimbursement, allocation to reserves and appropriation of net income

- (1) <sup>1</sup>The annual financial statement and the management report are to be presented to the general assembly immediately after they have been prepared. <sup>2</sup>The general assembly decides on the approval of the annual financial statements and the appropriation of profits or covering of losses.
- (2) If a loss, that is not covered by half of the total amount of the assets and the reserves, arises during the preparation of the annual or semi-annual balance sheet, or is to be assumed upon exercising professional judgment, the board of directors is to immediately convene a general assembly and communicate this issue.
- (3) <sup>1</sup>The board of directors decides on paying back a reimbursement before drawing up the balance sheet. <sup>2</sup>Members have a legal claim to the reimbursement decided upon in this way.
- (4) <sup>1</sup>The statutory reserve serves the co-operative to cover losses. <sup>2</sup>At least 20% of the annual net income is to go into this until at least 100% of the total of the shares have been reached. <sup>3</sup>This is to be decided on by the general assembly.
- (5) <sup>1</sup>Other revenue reserves may be established in addition to the statutory reserve. <sup>2</sup>The board of directors decides on their use.
- (6) The general assembly decides on the profit or loss resulting from the approval of the annual financial statement.
- (7) Relating to the annual net income, the general assembly is free to decide in favour of a profit carried forward, allocation to the reserves or providing a return on the credit balance, whereby payment can also occur in shares.

(8) A payment takes place only when the assets are fully replenished.

# § 23 Limitation of claims

<sup>1</sup>Claims to the payment of profits, reimbursements and credit balances become timebarred two years after they have fallen due. <sup>2</sup>The sums will be allocated to the reserves.

#### § 24 Winding-up

<sup>1</sup>The decision on winding up the co-operative can only be taken at a general assembly convened exclusively for this purpose. <sup>2</sup>When winding up the co-operative the net assets will be distributed among the members according to the assets.

#### § 25 Announcements

Announcements that it is mandatory to publish are made under the company name of the co-operative in the *Musikforum*, the bulletin of the Deutscher Musikrat (German Music Council).